

Ontario eSecondary School Course Outline 2024-2025

Ministry of Education Course Title: En	nglish, University Preparation
Ministry Course Code: ENG4C	
Course Type: College Preparation	
Grade: 12	
Credit Value: 1.0	
Prerequisite(s): English, Grade 11, Co	llege or University
Department: English	
Course developed by:	Date: January 25th, 2019
Sarrah Beemer	Revision: May 1st, 2020
Length:	Hours:
One Semester	110

This course has been developed based on the following Ministry documents:

- 1. English, The Ontario Curriculum, Grades 11 and 12, 2007, (revised)
- 2. Growing Success: Assessment, Evaluation, and Reporting in Ontario Schools (2010)
- 3. Learning for All (2013)

COURSE DESCRIPTION/RATIONALE

This course emphasizes the consolidation of literacy, communication, and critical and creative thinking skills necessary for success in academic and daily life. Students will analyse a variety of informational and graphic texts, as well as literary texts from various countries and cultures, and create oral, written, and media texts in a variety of forms for practical and academic purposes. An important focus will be on using language with precision and clarity and developing greater control in writing. The course is intended to prepare students for college or the workplace.

OVERALL CURRICULUM EXPECTATIONS

Oral Communication:

By the end of this course, students will:

- Listen to Understand: listen in order to understand and respond appropriately in a variety of situations for a variety of purposes
- Communicate: use speaking skills and strategies appropriately to communicate with different audiences for a variety of purposes
- Reflect on Skills and Strategies: reflect on and identify their strengths as listeners and speakers, areas for improvement, and the strategies they found most helpful in oral communication situations.

Reading and Literature Studies:

By the end of this course, students will:

- Read for Meaning: read and demonstrate an understanding of a variety of literary, informational, and graphic texts, using a range of strategies to construct meaning
- *Understand Form and Style:* recognize a variety of text forms, text features, and stylistic elements and demonstrate understanding of how they help communicate meaning
- Read With Fluency: use knowledge of words and cueing systems to read fluently
- Reflect on Skills and Strategies: reflect on and identify their strengths as readers, areas for improvement, and the strategies they found most helpful before, during, and after reading.

Writing:

By the end of this course, students will:

- Develop and Organize Content: generate, gather, and organize ideas and information to write for an intended purpose and audience
- Use Knowledge of Form and Style: draft and revise their writing, using a variety of literary, informational, and graphic forms and stylistic elements appropriate for the purpose and audience
- Apply Knowledge of Conventions: use editing, proofreading, and publishing skills and strategies, and knowledge of language conventions, to correct errors, refine expression, and present their work effectively
- Reflect on Skills and Strategies: reflect on and identify their strengths as writers, areas for improvement, and the strategies they found most helpful at different stages in the writing process.

Media Studies:

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By the end of this course, students will:

- Understand Media Texts: demonstrate an understanding of a variety of media texts
- Understand Media Forms, Conventions, and Techniques: identify some media forms and explain how the conventions and techniques associated with them are used to create meaning
- Create Media Texts: create a variety of media texts for different purposes and adiences, using appropriate forms, conventions, and techniques
- Reflect on Skills and Strategies: reflect on and identify their strengths as media interpreters
 and creators, areas for improvement, and the strategies they found most helpful in
 understanding and creating media texts

COURSE CONTENT

Unit	Length
Unit 1: Short Stories	26 hours
Unit 2: Ways of Reading and Writing: Rita Hayworth and	32 hours
the Shawshank Redemption	
Unit 3: Ways of Reading: Indian Horse	32 hours
Unit 4: Motivation	6 hours
Unit 5: Culminating Activity	12 hours
Final Exam	2 hours
Total	110 Hours

UNIT DESCRIPTIONS

We grow up thinking of reading and writing as two of the classic 'three Rs", and once we learn how to do them well, many assume that there's no need to think more of them. However, there are nuances to both. This course explores what writers have known for centuries: there are many, many ways to write and read a text.

UNIT 1: Short Stories

In this unit, students will explore the narrative voice through a variety of short stories, both fiction and nonfiction. Narration, narrative voice and narrative time will engage students in how a story is conveyed to an audience in literary, creative, and factual formats. Contemplating narrative components like plot, theme and characterization will be conducted by students by completing various writing tasks. The unit will conclude with students writing their own personal memoir.

UNIT 2: Ways of Reading and Writing: *Rita Hayworth and the Shawshank Redemption*In this unit, students will focus their explorations on one novella, *Rita Hayworth and the Shawshank Redemption* by Stephen King, and practice your comprehension skills, while also continuing to view the text and reflecting on the real-life prison information provided at the start of the unit.

UNIT 3: Ways of Reading: *Indian Horse*

In this unit, students will focus their explorations on the novel *Indian Horse* by Richard Wagamese. Students will read the novel and practice your comprehension skills, while also continuing to view the text and reflecting on the themes presented in this course.

UNIT 4: Motivation

In this unit, students will explore the elements of motivation and resilience. While looking at podcasts and videos, students will connect these ideas to the protagonists in our novel studies.

UNIT 5: Culminating Activity

Students will create a final project that will incorporate all themes and ideas of our course together. Students will create the following products: an introductory business letter, promotional materials, a research report, and an oral presentation.

TEACHING AND LEARNING STRATEGIES

In this course, students will experience the following activities.

Presentations with embedded videos are utilized to outline concepts, explain theory with the use of examples and practice questions, and incorporate multi-media opportunities for students to learn more (e.g. online simulations, guizzes, etc.).

End of unit conversations and Poodlls are opportunities for students to express their ideas, problem solving, and thought processes with a teacher who provides timely feedback.

Reflection is an opportunity for students to look back at concepts and theories with new eyes, to relate theory to practice, and to align learning with their own values and beliefs.

Discussions with the instructor are facilitated through video conferencing, discussing the concepts and skills being studied. This enables two-way communication between the student and the instructor, to share ideas and ask questions in dialogue. This also helps to build a relationship between the student and instructor.

Instructor demonstrations (research skills, etc.) are opportunities for the instructor to lead a student through a concept or skill through video conferencing, videos, or emailing with the student.

Discussion forums are an opportunity for students to summarize and share their ideas and perspectives with their peers, which deepens understanding through expression. It also provides an opportunity for peer-to-peer feedback.

Practical extension and application of knowledge are integrated throughout the course. The goal is to help students make connections between what they learn in the classroom and how they understand and relate to the world around them and their own lives. Learning becomes a dynamic opportunity for students to be more aware that their learning is all around them and enable them to create more meaning in their lives.

Individual activities/assignments assessments are completed individually at a student's own pace and are intended to expand and consolidate the learning in each lesson. Individual activities allow the teacher to accommodate interests and needs and to assess the progress of individual students. For this reason, students are encouraged to discuss IEPs (Individual Education Plans) with their teacher and to ask to modify assessments if they have a unique interest that they feel could be pursued in the assessment. The teacher plays an important role in supporting these activities by providing ongoing feedback to students, both orally and in writing.

Research is an opportunity to apply inquiry skills to a practical problem or question. Students perform research to gather information, evaluate quality sources, analyze findings, evaluate their analysis, and synthesize their findings into conclusions. Throughout, students apply both creative thinking and critical thinking. New questions are also developed to further learning.

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Writing as a learning tool helps students to think critically about course material while grasping, organizing, and integrating prior knowledge with new concepts. Good communication skills are important both in and out of the classroom.

Brainstorming, charts, and graphs are a great way for students to synthesize their knowledge of subject matter visually through graphic organizers, pictures, and texts.

Readings are an opportunity for students to gain insight from a variety of texts online and further develop literacy skills. Students may print out the reading material to use it to highlight, take notes, and have with them when a computer is not available.

Articles are examples of concepts and theories being discussed in the public realm and with respect to current events. They are snapshots not only of why theories/concepts/applications are relevant but also provide a window into the broader context of subject matter knowledge and understanding. Students learn through reading and analysis that the subject matter is deeply related to, and intertwined with, society and the diverse perspectives of lived experience.

Oral presentations in an online environment are opportunities for students to present live or record presentations, expressing their ideas and understanding orally.

Reflective/comparative analysis and evaluation of written work is very important in this course. Concepts and skills are modelled in examples (exemplars), which students can refer to and utilize to self-evaluate their own work. A variety of texts are shared, and students are encouraged to make comparisons with different texts, real life situations, and their own writing.

Journals provide an opportunity for students to self-reflect on the subject matter and see their growth over time. It supports students to express their thoughts and skills learned in a personal way.

ASSESSMENT, EVALUATION, AND REPORTING

Assessment: The process of gathering information that accurately reflects how well a student is achieving the identified curriculum expectations. Teachers provide students with descriptive feedback that guides their efforts towards improved performance.

Evaluation: Assessment of Learning focuses on Evaluation which is the process of making a judgement about the quality of student work on the basis of established criteria over a limited, reasonable period of time.

Reporting: Involves communicating student achievement of the curriculum expectations and Learning Skills and Work Habits in the form of marks and comments as determined by the teacher's use of professional judgement.

STRATEGIES FOR ASSESSMENT

Assessment practices can nurture students' sense of progress and competency and information instruction. Many diagnostic tools, e.g. checklists and inventories, are used at regular intervals throughout the units to encourage students' understanding of their current status as learners and to provide frequent and timely reviews of their progress. Assessment of student acquisition of listening and talking, reading and viewing and writing skills also occurs regularly through unobtrusive teacher observation and conferencing.

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Units conclude with performance tasks, e.g., interviews and from essays that build towards and prepare students for the end-of-course culminating task in Unit Five. Teachers are encouraged to share goals with students early in the course and to connect unit learning experiences frequently and explicitly with big ideas, overall expectations, and performance tasks, i.e. check bricks; teacher-adapted generic rubrics available in many sources, including the *Ontario Secondary School Literacy Course (OSSLC) Profile*, so that they are more task-specific. The teacher might ask: "What does the criteria look like for this particular task?" Or "What does limited effectiveness look like?" The teacher could involve students in the discussion, modification, or creation of rubrics, and teach students to use rubrics as a learning tool that can support the writing process and practice.

ASSESSMENT ACTIVITIES

Homework assignments
Individual conference meetings
Discussion Forums
Diagnostic tests and writing tasks
Free-writing journals/blogs
Outlining and planning sheets
Completed Templates & Graphic Organizers
Editing Checklists
Reflections
Oral presentations & Active Listening
Creative Writing & Story Development
Tests & Exam
Essay Writing
Evaluations

EVALUATION

The final grade will be determined as follows:

- ☐ Seventy percent of the grade will be based on evaluation conducted throughout the course. This portion of the grade should reflect the student's most consistent level of achievement throughout the course, although special consideration will be given to more recent evidence of achievement.
- ☐ Thirty percent of the grade will be based on a final evaluation administered at or towards the end of the course. This evaluation will be based on evidence from one or a combination of the following: an examination, a performance, an essay, and/or another method of evaluation suitable to the course content. The final evaluation allows the student an opportunity to demonstrate comprehensive achievement of the overall expectations for the course.

(*Growing Success: Assessment, Evaluation and Reporting in Ontario Schools*. Ontario Ministry of Education Publication, 2010 p.41)

Weight	
Course Work	70
Knowledge/Understanding (K)	17.5
Thinking/Inquiry (T)	17.5

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Communication (C)	17.5
Application (A)	17.5
Final	30
Exam (3.75K, 3.75T, 3.75C, 3.75A)	15
Culminating Project (5K, 3T, 4C, 3A)	15

TERM WORK EVALUATIONS (70%)

Evaluation Item	Description	Category	Weight
Unit 1 Never Cry Wolf	Students will demonstrate their comprehension and regal skills by answering questions on short stories.	K, T, C, A	20
Unit 1 Personal Narrative	Students will review both fiction and nonfiction stories and complete their own personal narrative.	K, T, C, A	20
Unit 2 Report	Students will complete a research report following the reading of the novella and will present their information in an oral presentation to the instructor.	K, T, C, A	15
Unit 3 Passage Analysis	Students will choose a given passage to analyze. In this assignment, they will demonstrate their analytical skills learned in this unit.	Т, С, А	
Unit 3 Indian Horse Presentation	Students will conclude this unit by creating a slideshow, writing a passage analysis, and creating a final oral presentation.	K, T, C, A	20
Unit 4 Three APES	In this unit evaluation, students will write three paragraphs using the APES construction they have been learning throughout the course.	К, Т, С, А	15

FINAL EVALUATIONS (30%)

Evaluation Item	Description	Category	Weight
Unit 5: Culminating Activity	Students will complete the following for their culminating activity: -An introductory business letter -Promotional materials: -A Research Report -An oral presentation	K, T, C, A	15
Final Exam	An exam to cover the major units studied through this course.	K, T, C, A	15

AFL/AAL/AOL TRACKING SHEET

Unit 1: On Work and Success

AAL	AFL	AOL
1.3 Lather and Nothing Else	1.1 Tragedy on Mount Everest	1.4 Never Cry Wolf Questions
Questions	(Diagnostic)	
	1.2 The Ninny Questions	1.5 Personal Narrative
		(Memoir)
	1.3 Lather and Nothing Else	
	Paragraph	

Unit 2: Ways of Reading and Writing: Rita Hayworth and the Shawshank Redemption

AAL	AFL	AOL
2.1 Slideshow	2.1 Reflection Paragraph	2.5 Summative Assessment
2.2 Info Texts	2.2 Questions and Reflections	2.5 Oral Discussion
2.3 Articles	2.5 Oral Discussion	
2.3 Prison Charts		
2.3 Reflection Questions		
2.4 Novella		
2.4 Reflection Questions		

Unit 3: Ways of Reading: Indian Horse

AAL	AFL	AOL
3.1 Grassy Narrows	3.1 Documentary	3.5 Slideshow
Worksheet		
2.3 Education Guide	3.4 Passage Analysis	3.5 Passage Analysis
	Formative Task	Summative
2.3 Presentation and Videos		3.5 Oral Presentation
2.3 Reflection Paragraph		
3.3 Indian Horse Package		
3.3 Novel		
3.4 Passage Analysis Lesson		

Unit 4: Motivation

AAL	AFL	AOL
4.1 Podcast	4.2 Podcast	4.4 Personal Reflection
4.2 Mindset Videos	4.3 Comparison Chart	
4.2 Self Reflection		
4.3 Articles		
4.3 Ted Talks		

Finals

AOL
Culminating Project
Final Exam

CONSIDERATION FOR PROGRAM PLANNING

PLANNING PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH SPECIAL EDUCATION NEEDS

Classroom teachers are the key educators of students who have special education needs. They have a responsibility to help all students learn, and they work collaboratively with special education teachers, where appropriate, to achieve this goal. Special Education Transformation: The Report of the Co-Chairs with the Recommendations of the Working Table on Special Education, 2006 endorses a set of beliefs that should guide program planning for students with special education needs in all disciplines. Those beliefs are as follows: All students can succeed. Universal design and differentiated instruction are effective and interconnected means of meeting the learning or productivity needs of any group of students. Successful instructional practices are founded on evidence-based research, tempered by experience.

PROGRAM CONSIDERATIONS FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS

Ontario schools have some of the most multilingual student populations in the world. The first language of approximately 20 percent of the students in Ontario's English language schools is a language other than English. Ontario's linguistic heritage includes several Aboriginal languages; many African, Asian, and European languages; and some varieties of English, such as Jamaican Creole. Many English language learners were born in Canada and raised in families and communities in which languages other than English were spoken, or in which the variety of English spoken differed significantly from the English of Ontario classrooms. Other English language learners arrive in Ontario as newcomers from other countries; they may have experience of highly sophisticated educational systems, or they may have come from regions where access to formal schooling was limited. When they start school in Ontario, many of these students are entering a new linguistic and cultural environment.

THE ROLE OF TECHNOLOGY IN THE PROGRAM

Information and communications technologies (ICT) provide a range of tools that can significantly extend and enrich teachers' instructional strategies and support students' language learning. ICT tools include multimedia resources, databases, Internet websites, digital cameras, and word-processing programs. Tools such as these can help students to collect, organize, and sort the data they gather and to write, edit, and present reports on their findings. Information and communications technologies can also be used to connect students to other schools, at home and abroad, and to bring the global community into the local classroom. Whenever appropriate, therefore, students should be encouraged to use ICT to support and communicate their learning.

ACCOMMODATIONS

Accommodations will be based on meeting with parents, teachers, administration and external educational assessment reports. The following three types of accommodations may be provided:

	Instructional accommodations: such as changes in teaching strategies, including styles of
	presentation, methods of organization, or use of technology and multimedia.
	Assessment accommodations: such as allowing additional time to complete tests or assignments or
	permitting oral responses to test questions.
Other 6	examples of modifications and aids, which may be used in this course, are:
	Provide step-by-step instructions.
	Help students create organizers for planning writing tasks.
	Allow students to report verbally to a scribe (teacher/ student) who can help in note taking.

☐ Permit students a range of options for reading and writing tasks.
☐ Where an activity requires reading, provide it in advance.
☐ Provide opportunities for enrichment.

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